

Figure 1 consists of 12 bar charts, labeled (a) through (l), each representing a different fish species. The y-axis for all charts is 'Percentage of total catch' ranging from 0 to 100. The x-axis for all charts is 'Year' ranging from 1960 to 1990. The species and their approximate percentage of total catch are: (a) Atlantic croaker (0-100%), (b) Atlantic menhaden (0-100%), (c) Atlantic herring (0-100%), (d) Atlantic bluefish (0-100%), (e) Atlantic silverside (0-100%), (f) Atlantic spot (0-100%), (g) Atlantic tomcod (0-100%), (h) Atlantic whitefish (0-100%), (i) Atlantic rockfish (0-100%), (j) Atlantic sea bass (0-100%), (k) Atlantic sea bream (0-100%), and (l) Atlantic sea mullet (0-100%). The charts show that Atlantic croaker and Atlantic menhaden are the most abundant species, while Atlantic sea mullet is the least abundant.

[illegible]